Financial Statements and Supplementary Information Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

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#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

The Archdiocese Benefits Committee Greek Orthodox Archdiocese of America New York, New York

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of The Pension Plan for Clergymen and Lay Employees of the Greek Orthodox Archdiocese of America (the Plan), an employee benefit plan. The financial statements comprise the statements of net assets available for benefits as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related statements of changes in net assets available for benefits for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the net assets available for benefits of the Plan as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the changes in its net assets available for benefits for the years then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Plan and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Plan's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued or available to be issued.



#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if, there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plan's internal control. Accordingly, no
  such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Plan's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.



#### Other Matter - Supplementary Information

Our audits of the financial statements were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on those statements as a whole. The accompanying schedules of contributions, benefits and administrative expenses of the Benefits Office for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the financial statements. The schedules of contributions, benefits and administrative expenses of the Benefits Office are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The schedules of contributions, benefits and administrative expenses of the Benefits Office have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and to certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and to other additional procedures, in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the schedules of contributions, benefits and administrative expenses of the Benefits office are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

BOO USA, P.C.

January 17, 2024

#### Statements of Net Assets Available for Benefits

December 31,	2022	2021
Assets		
Investments, at fair value  Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 68,211,140 585,578	\$ 81,555,291 29,412
Total Assets	68,796,718	81,584,703
Liabilities  Due to related plan  Accounts payable and other liabilities	- 160,179	129,784 147,405
Net Assets Available for Benefits	\$ 68,636,539	\$ 81,307,514

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### Statements of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits

Year ended December 31,	2022	2021
Additions Investment (loss) income: Net realized and unrealized (loss) gain on investments Interest and dividend income	\$ (15,028,362) 1,599,576	\$ 4,277,664 4,544,090
Net Investment (Loss) Income	(13,428,786)	8,821,754
Contributions from retirement plan participants Contributions from Archdiocese, parishes, and affiliates Donations	2,222,622 6,495,557 897,873	2,093,356 6,016,513 876,600
Total Additions, net of investment (loss) income	(3,812,734)	17,808,223
Deductions  Benefits paid to retired participants Consulting fees - actuarial and custodial services Consulting fees - other Legal expense Office expense Meals Hotel expense Travel expense Excess participant contribution Other expenses	8,287,540 448,939 82,264 3,000 10,601 1,479 16,761 3,995 988 2,674	7,972,524 602,279 104,579 40,939 11,607 - 8,295 2,521 23,445 2,698
Total Deductions	8,858,241	8,768,887
Net (Decrease) Increase  Net Assets Available for Benefits, beginning of year	(12,670,975) 81,307,514	9,039,336 72,268,178
Net Assets Available for Benefits, end of year	\$ 68,636,539	\$ 81,307,514

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### 1. Description of the Pension Plan

#### General

The following description of The Pension Plan for Clergymen and Lay Employees of the Greek Orthodox Archdiocese of America (the Plan or the Pension Plan) is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the Plan document and the Archdiocese Benefits Office at the Greek Orthodox Archdiocese of America (the Archdiocese) for complete information. The Plan is a contributory defined benefit pension plan that was adopted in 1973. The Plan covers the majority of clergymen and lay employees of the Archdiocese, inclusive of Metropolises, Direct Archdiocesan District of the Greek Orthodox Archdiocese of America, parishes, and the employees of the participating affiliated organizations (Hellenic College, Inc.; The Archbishop lakovos Leadership 100 Endowment Fund, Inc.; and the Greek Orthodox Ladies Philoptochos Society, Inc.). The Plan document was restated on January 1, 2017 and Plan features were amended during 2017 and 2021.

The Plan is administered by the Archdiocese Benefits Committee (the ABC).

#### Eligibility

Lay employees become eligible for participation upon commencement of employment. Clergy become eligible for participation following the date of ordination and assignment.

#### Pension Benefits and Vesting

The Plan provides for 100% vesting after five years of service. Amounts voluntarily withheld from employees' compensation and contributed by them are fully refunded, along with accrued interest at rates specified by the Plan if such employee terminates from service prior to 100% vesting. Benefits for participants retiring at normal (age 65), early, or delayed retirement age, or for disability and death benefits, are calculated as set forth in the Plan. Minimum participant and survivor benefits are not payable if a participant makes late personal contributions for six consecutive months.

Joint and survivor contingent annuity factors are as follows:

- A participant who elects for their survivor to receive 100% of the pension benefit that they are receiving will receive 83% of their pension benefit while alive.
- A participant who elects for their survivor to receive 50% of the pension benefit that they are receiving will receive 91% of their pension benefit while alive.

#### **Participant Contributions**

A participant may voluntarily elect to make contributions in an amount equal to 3.5%, 5.0%, or 6.5% of earnings for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, in accordance with the rules established by the ABC. Active employees' accumulated contributions with interest at December 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$60,378,948 and \$51,660,769, respectively. The aggregate of a participant's contributions compounded annually at the rate of 5% per annum for years prior to January 1, 1997, and thereafter, at a rate of 120% of the federal mid-term rate in effect on the first day of each Plan year and ending on the determination date and the interest rate under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 417(e)(3) for the period beginning on the determination date and ending

#### Notes to Financial Statements

on the date the participant attains normal retirement date, as defined in the Plan document, credited to the earlier of (i) the date on which payments of benefits commence or (ii) the date on which such accumulated contributions, shall otherwise be payable pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Plan.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) using the accrual basis of accounting.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Plan considers all highly liquid instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The financial instruments that potentially subject the Plan to concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents. At various times, the Plan has cash deposits at financial institutions that exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) limit. These financial institutions have strong credit ratings; therefore, Plan management believes the risk related to these accounts is minimal.

Cash held within the investment account is also recorded on the statements of net assets available for benefits.

#### Investment Valuation and Income Recognition

The Plan's investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. See Note 7 for discussion of fair value measurements.

Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date basis. Interest income is recorded, as earned, on the accrual basis. Dividends are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Net appreciation includes the Plan's gains and losses on investments bought and sold, as well as held during the year.

#### **Donations**

Donated goods and services are recognized at the fair values at the dates of donation. The Plan received \$897,873 and \$876,600 in donations from various sources to improve its funding status in 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### Due to Related Plan

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Plan had \$0 and \$129,784, respectively, of liability to the Archdiocese's Joint Orthodox Health Plan and is included in the due to related plan on the statement of net assets available for benefits.

#### Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses are the responsibility of the Plan. All expense amounts recorded on the statements of changes in net assets are deemed attributable to the Plan.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Benefits Paid to Retired Participants

Benefits paid to retired participants are recorded when paid.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, and changes therein; disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities; and the actuarial present value of accumulated Plan benefits at the date of the financial statements and changes therein and other disclosures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Actuarial Present Value of Accumulated Plan Benefits

The actuarial present value of accumulated Plan benefits is the present value of expected future payments for benefits to Plan participants that have been accrued as of the valuation date. Accumulated benefits include amounts expected to be paid to a) retired or terminated participants or their beneficiaries, b) beneficiaries of vested participants who have died, and c) present participants or their beneficiaries. The actuarial present value of accumulated Plan benefits as of January 1, 2022 is determined by an actuary and is that amount that results from applying actuarial assumptions to adjust the accumulated Plan benefits to reflect the time value of money (through discounts for interest) and the probability of payment (by means of decrements, such as for death, disability, withdrawal, or retirement) between the valuation date and the expected date of payment.

Significant assumptions underlying accumulated Plan benefits as of January 1, 2022 are as follows:

Actuarial cost method	Unit credit cost method						
Rate of investment return	5.5% compounded annually						
Mortality	PRI-2012 base table projected improvements using MP-2021 ar respectively	9					
Employee turnover rates developed based on industry averages							
Retirement age - active	Attained Age	Retiring in Plan Year (%)					
	Under 62	-					
	62-64	5					
	65-68	15					
	69	30					
	70 and above	100					
Retirement age - vested							
terminated	Age 65 or attained age, if later						
Interest on employee contributions	Interest on employee contributions 2021, respectively	is 1.57% and 0.62% for 2022 and					

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

These actuarial assumptions are based on the presumption that the Plan will continue. Were the Plan to terminate, different actuarial assumptions and other factors might be applicable in determining the actuarial present value of accumulated Plan benefits. The computations of the actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits were made as of January 1, 2022. Had the valuations been performed as of December 31, 2021 there would be no material differences.

#### 3. Funding Policy

The Archdiocese maintains a Church Plan; as such, the Plan is not subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). It is the intention of the Archdiocese and the participating affiliated organizations to fund the Plan in accordance with the initial minimum standards of ERISA, as originally enacted, as if such standards were applicable to the Plan. Consequently, amendments to ERISA after 1974 have not been taken into account. The Archdiocese is only under obligation to make contributions under the Plan in the event of a Plan termination as further described in the plan document. Prior to January 1, 2021, contributions from the Archdiocese, parishes, and affiliates were \$700 per active participant per month. Beginning January 1, 2021, these contributions are allocated to each Metropolis based on the unfunded liability and expected future liability of the clergy members of each Metropolis. Once allocated to the Metropolises, each Metropolis can choose how they'd like to allocate the contributions among each Parish. If a Parish is unable to pay, the Metropolis is ultimately responsible for that Parish's portion of the contribution. These contributions are allocated first to cover ancillary benefit costs and expenses of the Benefits Office. The remainder of such contributions are remitted to the Pension Plan. Contributions are used to cover benefits and general and administrative expenses. The Archdiocese, parishes, and affiliates contributed \$6,495,557 and \$6,016,513 to the Plan in 2022 and 2021, respectively. Personal pension contributions from participating clergy and lay employees are equal to 3.5%, 5%, or 6.5% of earnings in 2022 and 2021. This contribution is credited to the specific participant's account, earns interest, and is reported separately on the individual's annual retirement Plan benefits statements, which are provided in the summer of each year for the previous year. The amounts that are due from parishes to the Plan as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 are \$3,479,067 and \$3,472,893, respectively, which are fully reserved based on historical collection experience and uncertainty of collection of such amounts. They have not been recorded as a receivable in the accompanying financial statements.

#### 4. Risks and Uncertainties

Investment securities, in general, are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility risks. Due to the level of risk associated with such investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the valuation of investment securities will occur in the near-term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of net assets available for benefits. One investment comprised approximately 25% and 26% of the total net assets available for benefits as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Plan contributions are made, and the actuarial present value of accumulated Plan benefits is reported, based on certain assumptions pertaining to interest rates, inflation rates, and employee demographics, all of which are subject to change. Due to uncertainties inherent in the estimations and assumptions process, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in these estimates and assumptions in the near-term would-be material to the financial statements.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 5. Plan Termination

Although no intention to terminate the Plan has been expressed, the Plan may be terminated at any time by the Archdiocesan Council, at which time the Archdiocesan Council and the ABC would enter into an agreement for the funding of Plan's obligations in accordance with the provisions of the Plan. The ABC may amend or modify, from time-to-time, any or all provisions of the Plan, provided that the Plan assets cannot be diverted for purposes other than providing benefits to Plan participants or to deprive a Plan participant of any accrued benefit, except as provided by the IRC.

#### 6. Accumulated Plan Benefits

The actuarial present value of accumulated Plan benefits is presented below:

#### December 31, 2021

Actuarial Present Value of Accumulated Plan Benefits Vested benefits:	
Participants currently receiving payments Other participants	\$ 73,240,334 65,562,515
Total Vested Benefits	138,802,849
Non-vested benefits	2,268,665
Total Actuarial Present Value of Accumulated Plan Benefits	\$ 141,071,514

The net increase in the Plan's actuarial present value of accumulated Plan benefits was \$4,564,367 as of January 1, 2022. Increases were attributable to:

#### Year ended December 31, 2021

Actuarial Present Value of Accumulated Plan Benefits, beginning of year	\$ 136,507,147
Changes in actuarial assumptions Benefits accumulated, including losses (gains) Benefits paid Interest	367,922 5,213,611 (8,287,540) 7,270,374
Net Increase	4,564,367
Actuarial Present Value of Accumulated Plan Benefits, end of year	\$ 141,071,514

As of December 31, 2021, the net assets available for benefits and the actuarial present value of accumulated benefits of the Plan amounted to \$68,649,312 and \$141,071,514, respectively, resulting in a shortfall of \$72,422,202.

The computations of the actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits were made as of January 1, 2022. Had the valuations been performed as of December 31, 2021 there would be no material differences.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### 7. Fair Value Measurements

The framework for measuring fair value provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820 are as described as follows:

Level 1 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Plan has the ability to access.

Level 2 - Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets.
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability.
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, then the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Plan. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the Plan's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances.

Changes in economic conditions or valuation techniques may require the transfer of financial instruments from one fair value level to another. In such instances, the transfer is reported at the beginning of the reporting period. Plan management evaluated the significance of transfers between levels based upon the nature of the financial instrument and size of the transfer relative to total net assets available for benefits. There were no significant transfers in or out of Levels 1, 2, or 3 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

The Plan follows guidance on measuring the fair value of certain investments, which offers investors a practical expedient for measuring the fair value of investments in certain entities that calculate net asset value (NAV). Under this practical expedient, entities are permitted to use NAV without adjustment for certain investments that: (a) do not have a readily determinable fair value and (b) prepare their financial statements consistent with the measurement principles of an investment

#### Notes to Financial Statements

company or have the attributes of an investment company. Additionally, the Plan follows guidance that removes the requirement to categorize, within the fair value hierarchy, all investments for which the fair value is measured using NAV.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Common/Collective Trust Funds - Common/collective trust funds are valued at NAV as a practical expedient, which is calculated by the investment manager or sponsor of the Plan based on the fair value of the underlying assets of each fund less liabilities. The practical expedient is not used when it is determined to be probable that the Plan will sell the investment for an amount different than the reported NAV.

Money Market Funds - Money market funds are valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual investments are traded (Level 1).

The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. While Plan management believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following tables set forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Plan's assets at fair value:

#### December 31, 2022

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Money market funds	\$ 1,138,179	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,138,179
Investments, valued at NAV*				67,072,961
Total, at fair value				\$ 68,211,140
December 31, 2021				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Money market funds	\$ 938,789	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 938,789
Investments, valued at NAV*				80,616,502
Total, at fair value				\$ 81,555,291

<sup>\*</sup> Certain investments that are measured at fair value using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in these tables are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the statements of net assets available for benefits.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

The following table sets forth a summary of the Plan's investments with a reported NAV:

	Fair Value at December 31, 2022	Fair Value at December 31, 2021	Unfunded Commit- ment	Redemption Frequency	Other Redemption Restrictions	Redemption Notice Period (Days)
SSGA USS AGG Bond Index	\$ 5,563,304	\$ 3,511,135	\$ -	Daily	None	1
SSGA Russell All-Cap (R) Index				,		
NL SF	16,827,804	21,253,407	-	Daily	None	1
Mercer Emg Mkts Equity Y3(a)	4,180,676	4,600,250	-	Daily	None	1
Core Opportunities Fi FD Cl Y3(b)	5,583,942	9,120,535	-	Daily	None	1
MGI Non-U.S. Core Equity Y3(c)	9,139,199	10,803,185	-	Daily	None	1
Mercer Global Low-Vol Eq Y3 <sup>(d)</sup>	7,031,707	17,028,930	-	Daily	None	1
Mercer Opport Fixd-Inc Y3 <sup>(e)</sup>	5,389,895	5,920,368	-	Daily	None	1
Real Asset NL Series Class A	3,343,262	-	-	Daily	None	1
Prisa Real Estate Fund	4,801,623	-	-	Daily	None	1
SSGA Global REIT Index	-	2,481,020	-	Daily	None	1
State Street BK+TR CO IVT						
Mutual Fund	5,211,549	5,897,672	-	Daily	None	11
Total	\$ 67,072,961	\$ 80,616,502	\$ -			

- (a) The Fund invests principally in equity securities of large, medium, and small capitalization companies located in emerging markets and other investments that are tied economically to emerging markets, as well as in American, European, and Global Depository receipts. Stock index futures and various types of swaps may be used to implement the country selection component of the Fund's investment strategy. Currency forwards may be used to make stock-selection and country-allocation decisions independently of the underlying currency.
- (b) The Fund invests principally in fixed-income securities of U.S. and non-U.S. issuers, including those in emerging and frontier markets. The Fund invests in various strategic and tactical global bond market opportunities without limitations in geography, issuer type, quality, and currency denomination. The Fund may invest in derivatives, such as futures (including, among others, interest rate futures and swaps (currency, interest rate, credit default and total return)); forwards; options; and credit-linked notes. The Fund may engage in transactions in derivatives for a variety of purposes, including hedging, risk management, efficient portfolio management, enhancing total returns, or as a substitute for taking position in the underlying asset.
- (c) The Fund invests principally in equity securities issued by non-U.S. companies of any capitalization, located in the world's developed and emerging capital markets.
- (d) The Fund invests principally in equity securities of U.S. and foreign issuers of large, medium, and small capitalization companies. Stock index futures and various types of swaps may be used to implement the equity security selection component of the Fund's investment strategy. Currency forwards may be used to make stock-selection and country-allocation decisions independently of the underlying currency.
- (e) The Fund invests principally in fixed-income securities of U.S. and non-U.S. issuers, including those in emerging and frontier markets. The Fund invests in various strategic and tactical global bond market opportunities without limitations in geography, issuer type, quality, and currency denomination. The Fund may invest in derivatives, such as futures (including, among others, interest rate futures and swaps (currency, interest rate, credit default, and total return)); forwards; options; and credit-linked notes. The Fund may engage in transactions in derivatives for a variety of purposes, including hedging, risk management, efficient portfolio management, enhancing total returns, or as a substitute for taking position in the underlying asset.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 8. Transactions with Related Parties

The Plan is administrated by the ABC. The Plan incurred administrative expenses related to ABC meeting expenses for hotels, meals, and travel totaling \$22,235 and \$10,816 in 2022 and 2021, respectively.

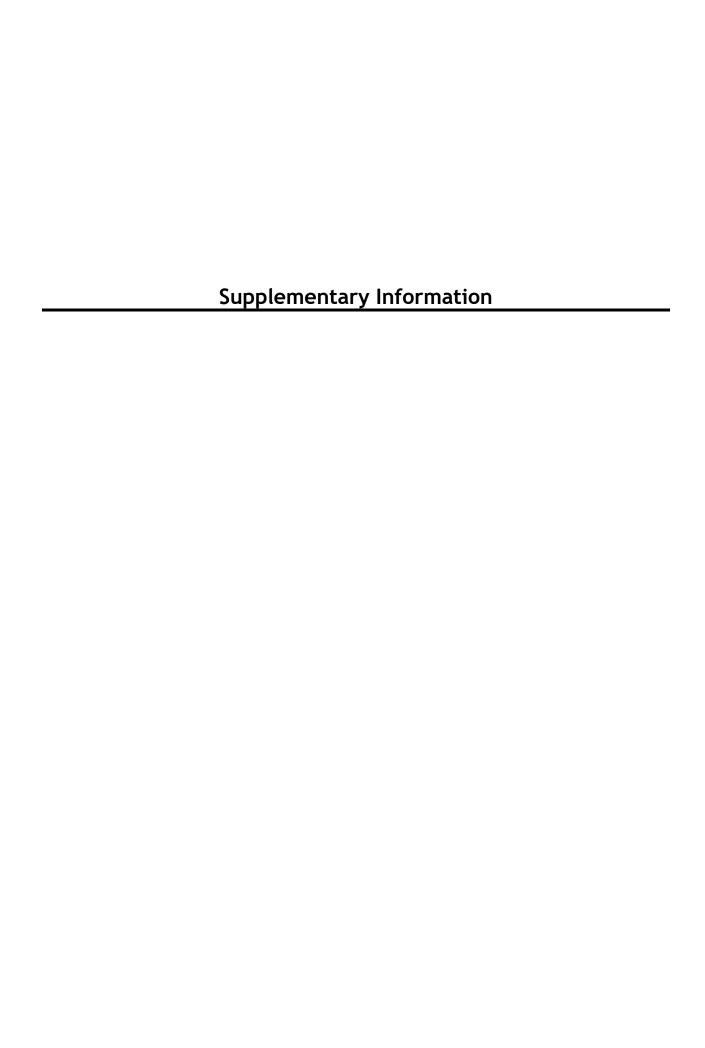
#### 9. Tax Status

The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) has determined and informed the Plan's management by a letter dated February 13, 2018 that the Plan is designed in accordance with applicable sections of the IRC and, therefore, the related trust is exempt from taxation. Once qualified, the Plan is required to operate in conformity with the IRC to maintain its qualification. Although the Plan has been amended and restated since receiving the determination letter, the Plan's management believes the Plan is designed, and is currently being operated in compliance with, the applicable requirements of the IRC.

GAAP requires Plan management to evaluate tax positions taken by the Plan and recognize a tax liability if the Plan has taken an uncertain position that more likely than not would not be sustained upon examination by the IRS. The Plan administrator has analyzed the tax positions taken by the Plan, and has concluded that as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, there are no uncertain positions taken or expected to be taken that would require recognition of a liability or disclosure in the financial statements. The Plan is subject to routine audits by taxing jurisdictions; however, there are currently no audits for any tax periods in progress.

#### 10. Subsequent Events

The Plan evaluated its subsequent events through January 17, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. The Plan is not aware of any subsequent events that would require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.



### Schedules of Contributions, Benefits, and Administrative Expenses of the Benefits Office

Year ended December 31,	2022	2021
Funds Received by the Benefits Office Contributions from the Archdiocese, parishes, and affiliates and donations Contributions from retirement plan participants	\$ 8,757,664 2,222,622	\$ 8,139,583 2,093,356
Total Funds Received by the Benefits Office	10,980,286	10,232,939
Disbursement of Funds for Benefits Life insurance premiums and consulting fees Health expenses and other	958,379 15,012	842,136 21,654
Total Disbursement of Funds for Benefits	973,391	863,790
Disbursement of Funds for Administration Salaries and benefits	390,843	382,680
Total Disbursement of Funds for Administration	390,843	382,680
Remaining Funds Contributed to Pension Plan	\$ 9,616,052	\$ 8,986,469
Net Contributions from the Archdiocese, Parishes, and Affiliates and Donations  Contributions from Retirement Plan Participants	\$ 7,393,430 2,222,622	\$ 6,893,113 2,093,356
Total Gross Contribution to Pension Plan	\$ 9,616,052	\$ 8,986,469

### Note to Schedules of Contributions, Benefits, and Administrative Expenses of the Benefits Office

The schedules of contributions, benefits, and administrative expenses of the Benefits Office represent the activities of the Benefits Office in administering the Plan and ancillary benefits provided to Plan participants and the funding thereof. Contributions from the Archdiocese, parishes, and affiliates are allocated first to cover ancillary benefit costs and the costs of the Benefits Office, with the remainder of such contributions being contributed to the Pension Plan.